

# What time is it in Europe?



# DIPLOMACY OF LEGAL TRANSLATIONS: GMT v. UTC





### Plan



stimulated by: Seago, Seidelmann, Allen, Legislative Specifications for Coordinating with Universal Time, Exton

Concerning Europe...

European corps of texts

- volume
- inertia, errors and corrections
- two legal traditions

European corps of translators and their tools

Translations and their quality

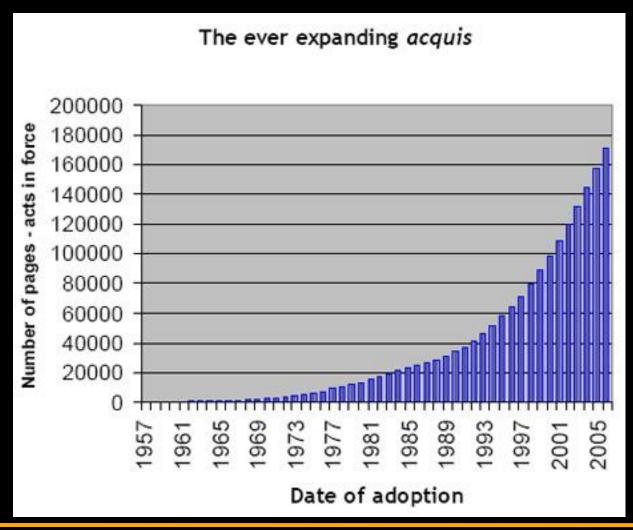
What time is it in Europe? GMT v. UTC: lost in translation?

Future? Action?





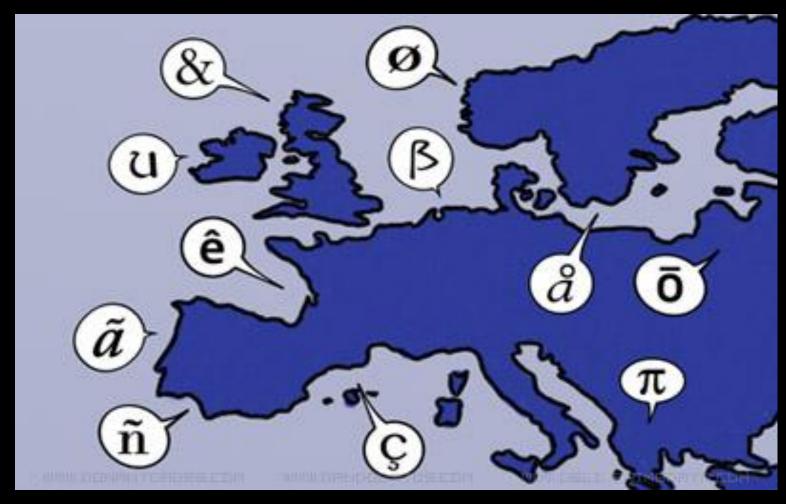
= body of EU law (treaties, laws, legal acts, court decisions)





# 23 Official Languages









- ~200,000 pages in currently in force x 23 languages
- ~750,000 total





- ~200,000 pages in currently in force x 23 languages
- ~750,000 total

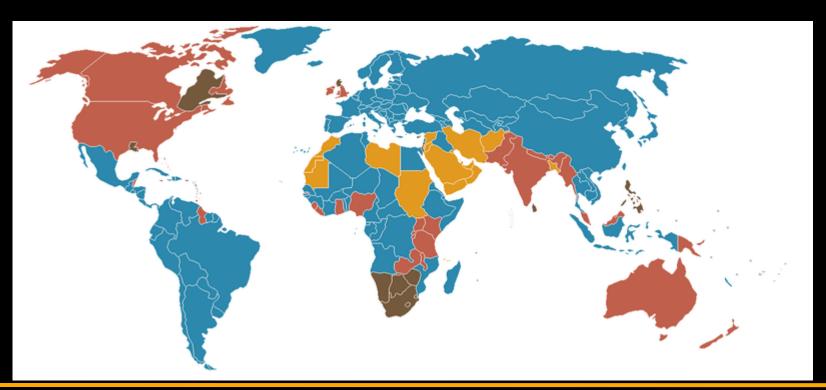
#### => Massive inertia







propagation of errors and of corrections Seago, Seidelmann, Allen focus on English legal tradition The French legal tradition deals with inaccuracies differently







#### Seago, Seidelmann, Allen:

"Official time or regulatory time is a realization of a legal time by a sovereign authority in order to satisfy public expectations for civil time based on historical, philosophical, religious, or technological prejudices, precedents, and requirements."







Seago, Seidelmann, Allen:

"Official time or regulatory time is a realization of a legal time by a sovereign authority in order to satisfy public expectations for civil time based on historical, philosophical, religious, or technological prejudices, precedents, and requirements."

NB. In the French tradition the authority is irreducible; it exists *a priori*, not requiring any "social contract" to legitimize it. (I think that both philosophies are correct.)

NB. In the French tradition, legal and administrative discontinuity is admissible. Thus, EU often regulates with no regard to precedent (or other considerations).



### **Translation Tools**



- \* Inter institutional data base
- "Inter Active Terminology for Europe"
- \*\* started in 1999,
- \*\* launched 2004,
- \*\* made public 2007
- 8.4 million terms, including
- \* 540,000 abbreviations
- \* 130,000 phrases
- \* all 23 languages





### **Translations**



one concept: two equivalent expressions	semantic equivalent (literal translation)	factual equivalent (possible functional transl.)
natural number	nombre naturel	entier positif
positive integer	entier positif	nombre naturel

Generally, a good translation maintains semantic equivalence whenever possible.

This objective has to be abandoned frequently.



### **Translations**



one concept: two equivalent expressions	semantic equivalent (literal translation)	factual equivalent (possible functional transl.)
steering wheel	roue de boeuf	volant (directionnel)
volant (directionnel)	(directional) flier	steering wheel

Strange things can happen when the semantic equivalent is incorrect factually.



### **Translations**



concept	semantic equivalents (literal translations)	factual equivalent (functional transl.)
temps universel	allgemeine Zeit, Weltzeit	Weltzeit

For a linguist, usage is the ultimate arbiter.

BG	Bulgarian	по Гринуич	Greenwich time
EL	Greek	ώρα Γκρίνουιτς	Greenwich time
EN	English	Greenwich Mean Time	Greenwich mean time
$\mathbf{ET}$	Estonian	Greenwichi aja järgi	Greenwich mean time
LT	Lithuanian	nakties GMT laiku	Greenwich mean time
LV	Latvian	pēc Grīnvičas laika	Greenwich mean time
HU	Hungarian	greenwich-i idő	Greenwich mean time
MT	Maltese	Greenwich Mean Time	Greenwich mean time
SK	Slovakian	greenwichského času	Greenwich mean time
SV	Swedish	Greenwichtid (Greenwich Mean Time, GMT)	Greenwich time (Greenwich Mean Time, GMT)
FI	Finnish	(GMT)	(GMT)
CS	Czech	světového času (GMT)	universal time (GMT)
PL	Polish	czasu uniwersalnego (GMT)	universal time (GMT)
ES	Spanish	hora universa	universal time
FR	French	temps universel	universal time
IT	Italian	ora universale	universal time
PT	Portuguese	tempo universal	universal time
RO	Romanian	timp universal	universal time
DE	German	Weltzeit	"world time"
NL	Dutch	wereldtijd	"world time"
DA	Danish	verdenstid (UTC)	"world time" (UTC)
SL	Slovenian	univerzalnem koordinirane času (UTC)	coordinated universal time (UTC)



### EU Directive 2000/84



Only two linguistic versions speak of "UTC" while twelve speak of "GMT".

The document did not focus on UTC/GMT: it focused on the dispositions regarding DST.

Thus the linguistic versions were mainly the concern of the translators, probably with little guidance from elsewhere.



### EU Directive 2000/84



A prudent translator errs on the side of caution. If in doubt, use an expression which is known to you; often one which is more general, substituting a casual expression for a technical term.

I think the original draft was English, using "GMT".

NB. Six (BG, EL, ET, LV, HU, SK) opted for the more casual expression "Greenwich time".

It is quite possible that when translators saw the expression GMT they translated it using what they knew was term in their languages.

NB. The Czech and Polish translators maintained "GMT" in parentheses, even though they went for "world time" which they knew to be a received term in Czech/Polish.

Had the document been originally drafted in, e.g., French or German, using *temps universel* = *Weltzeit*, the translators would have opted for "universal time" by default, with a much larger fraction of the languages adopting this expression.



### Future?



The terminological database used by the EU translators does not provide guidance regarding GMT/UTC.

Translators tend to treat these expressions as casual vocabulary rather than technical terms.

#### Do nothing?

Work with EU terminology experts? If so, what should be the message?

Draw the attention of the E. Commission to the matter, in view of a new Directive, defining legal time within EU/EEA/EFTA?

Possible guidelines for non-technical texts:

(1) "GMT" obsolete

(2.a) "UTC" correct but technical

(2.b) "UT" correct

UK views GMT as national heritage